

Installation manual

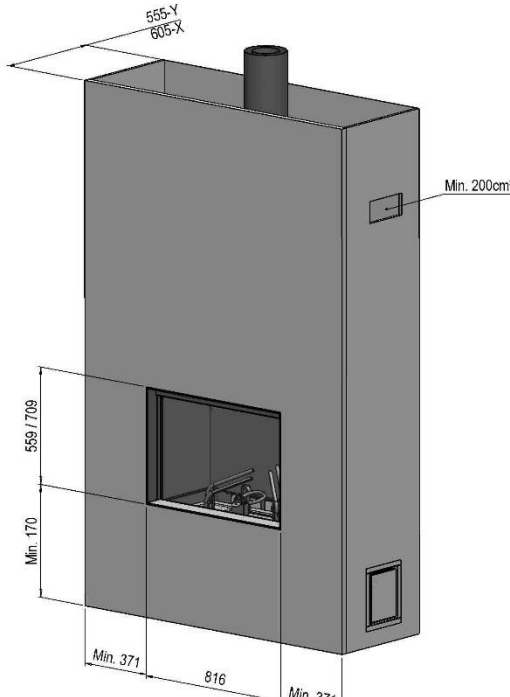
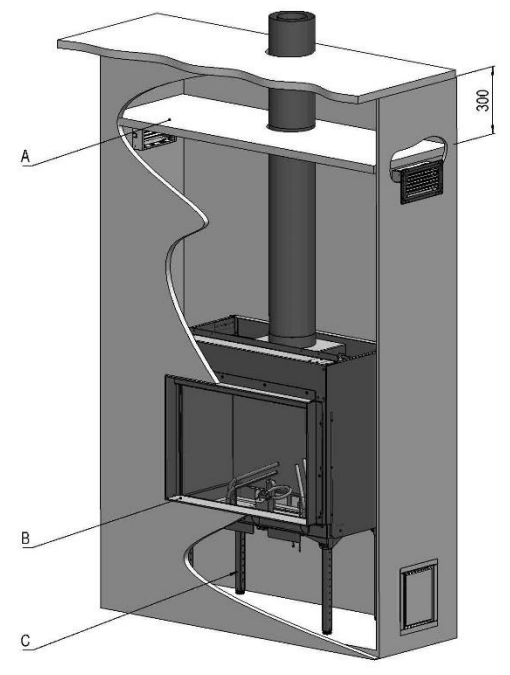
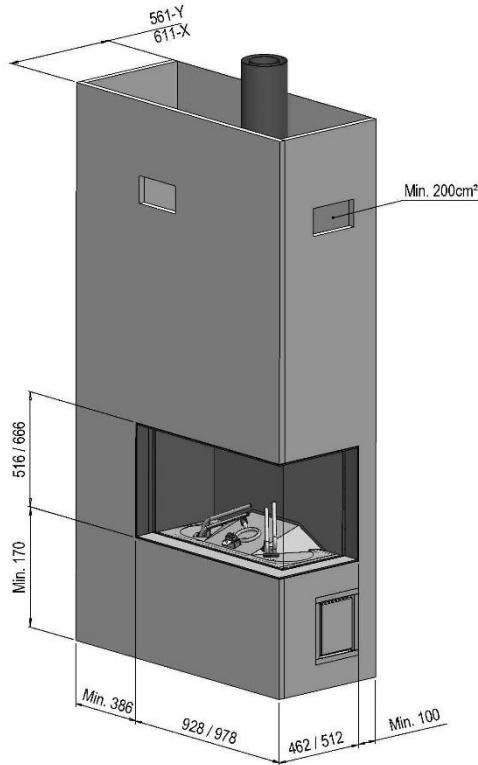
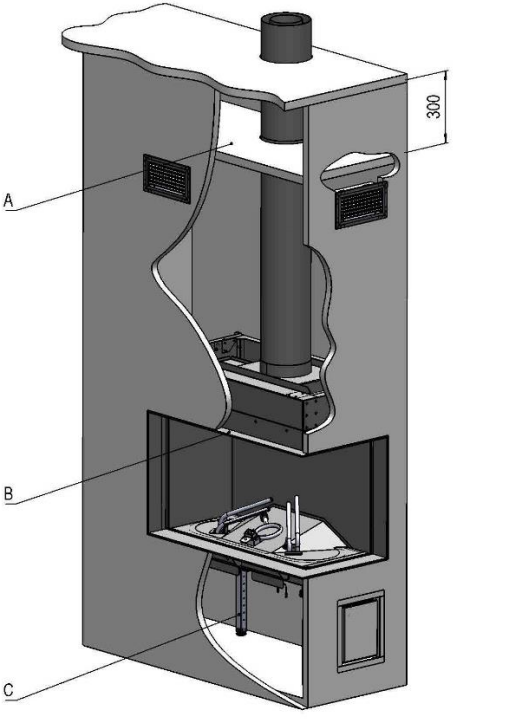
MatrIX 800/500 I,II,III and 800/650 I,II,III Honeywell ENG

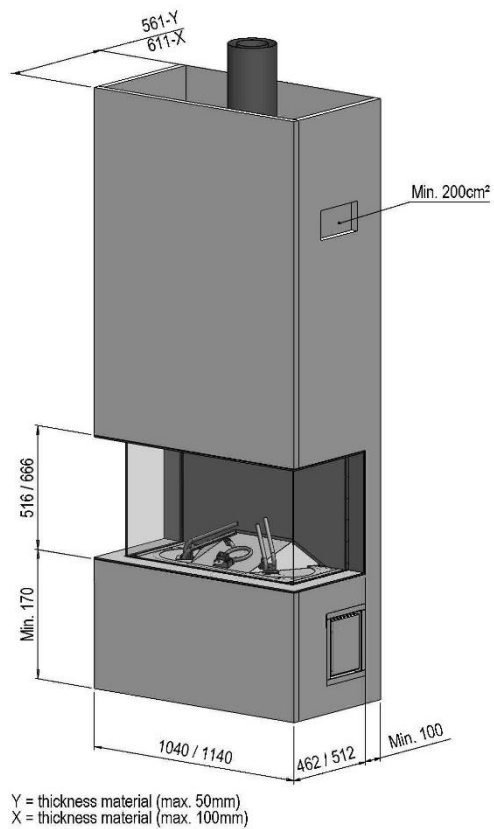


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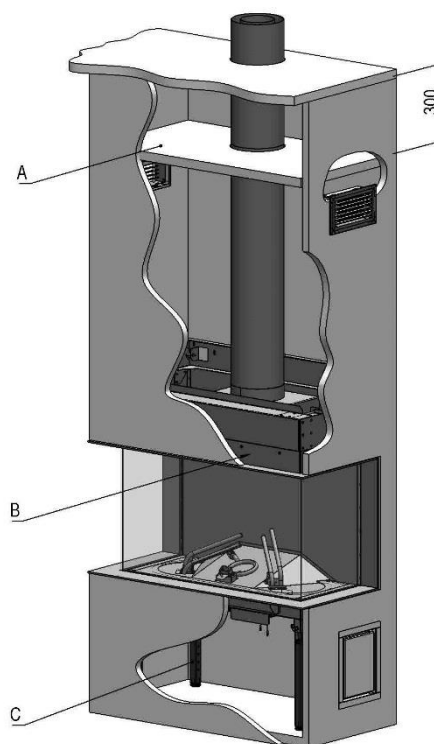
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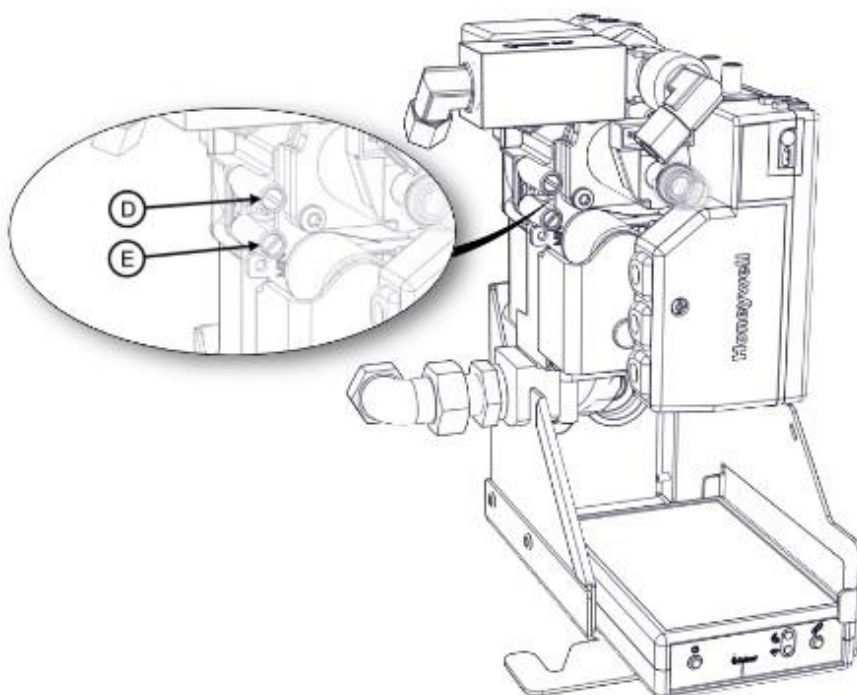
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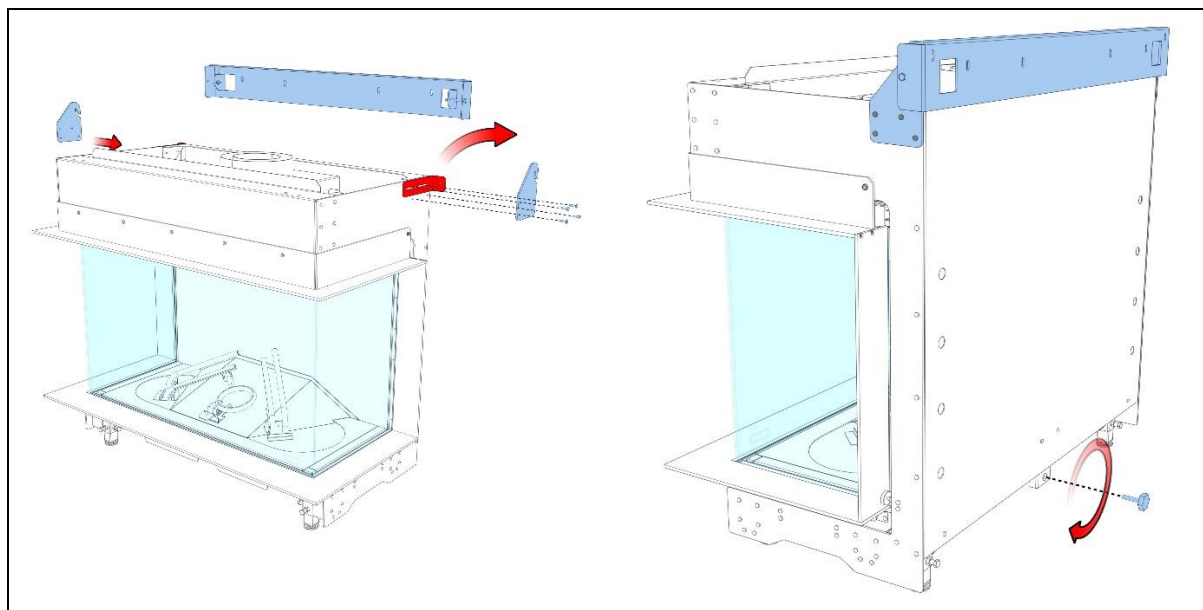
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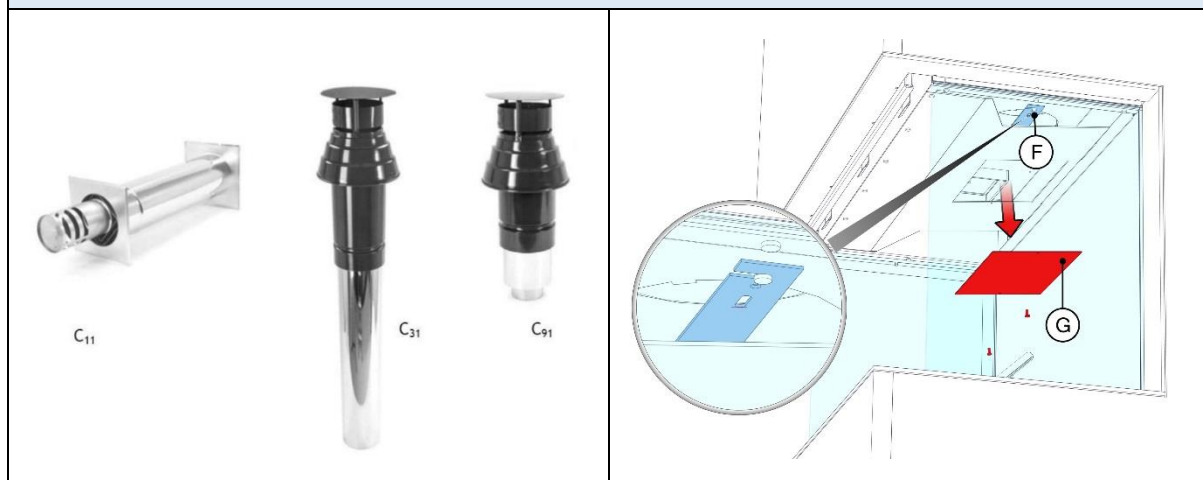
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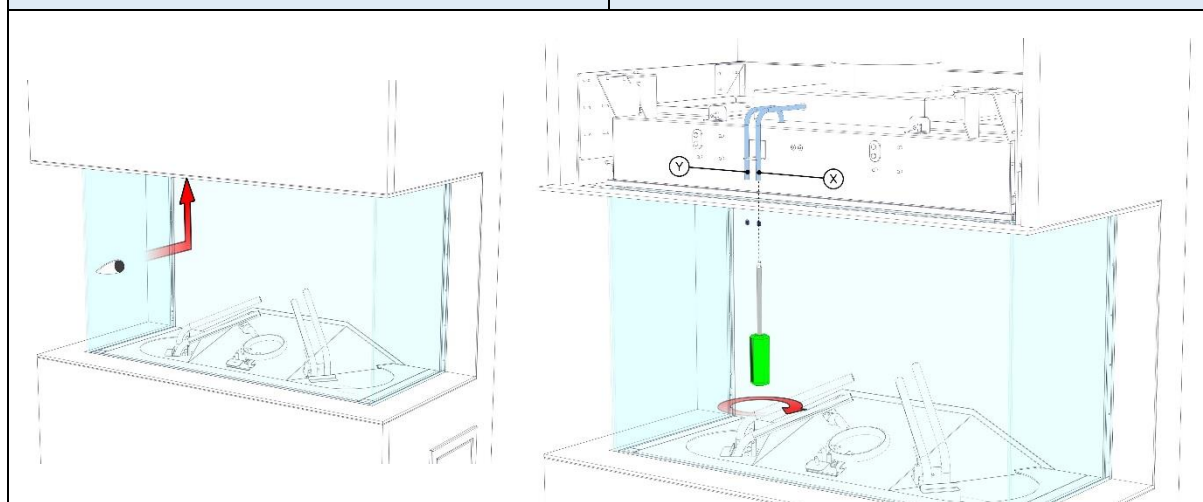


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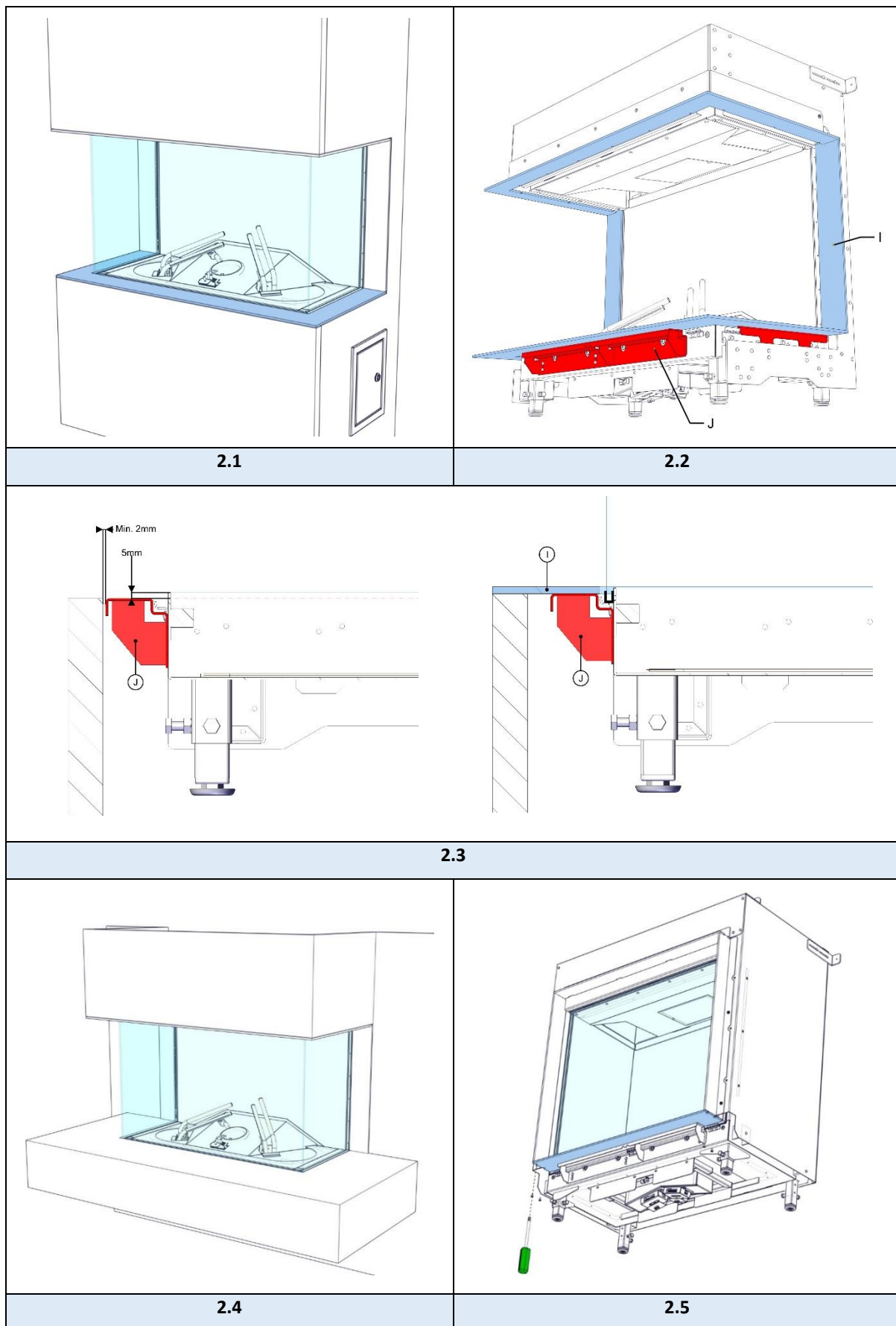


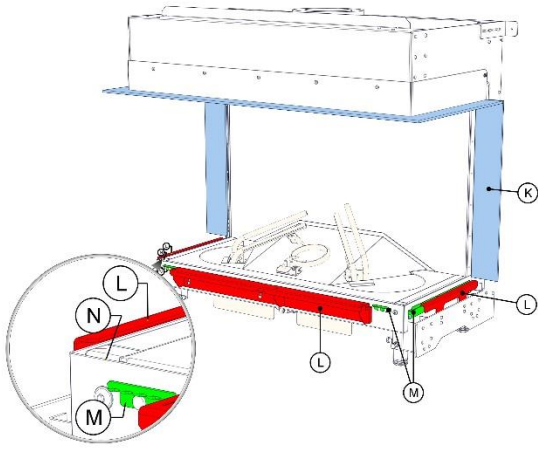
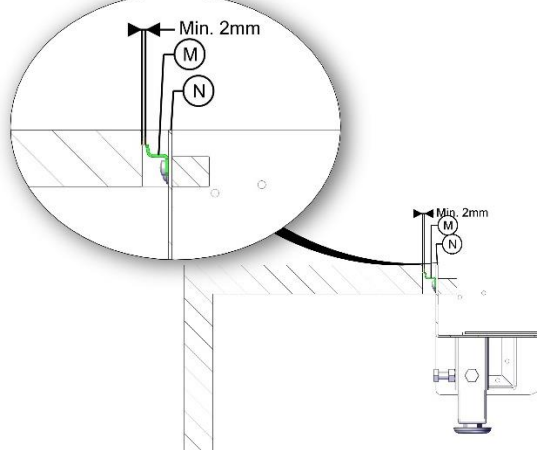
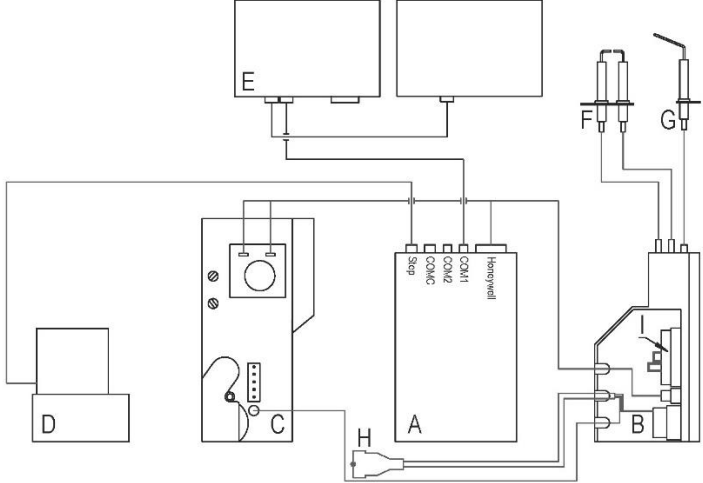
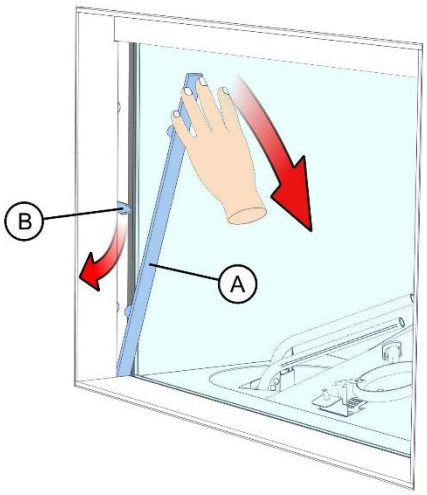
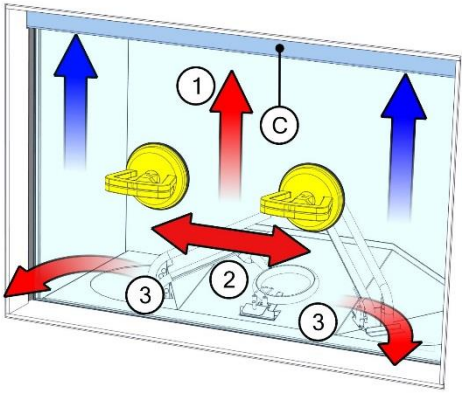
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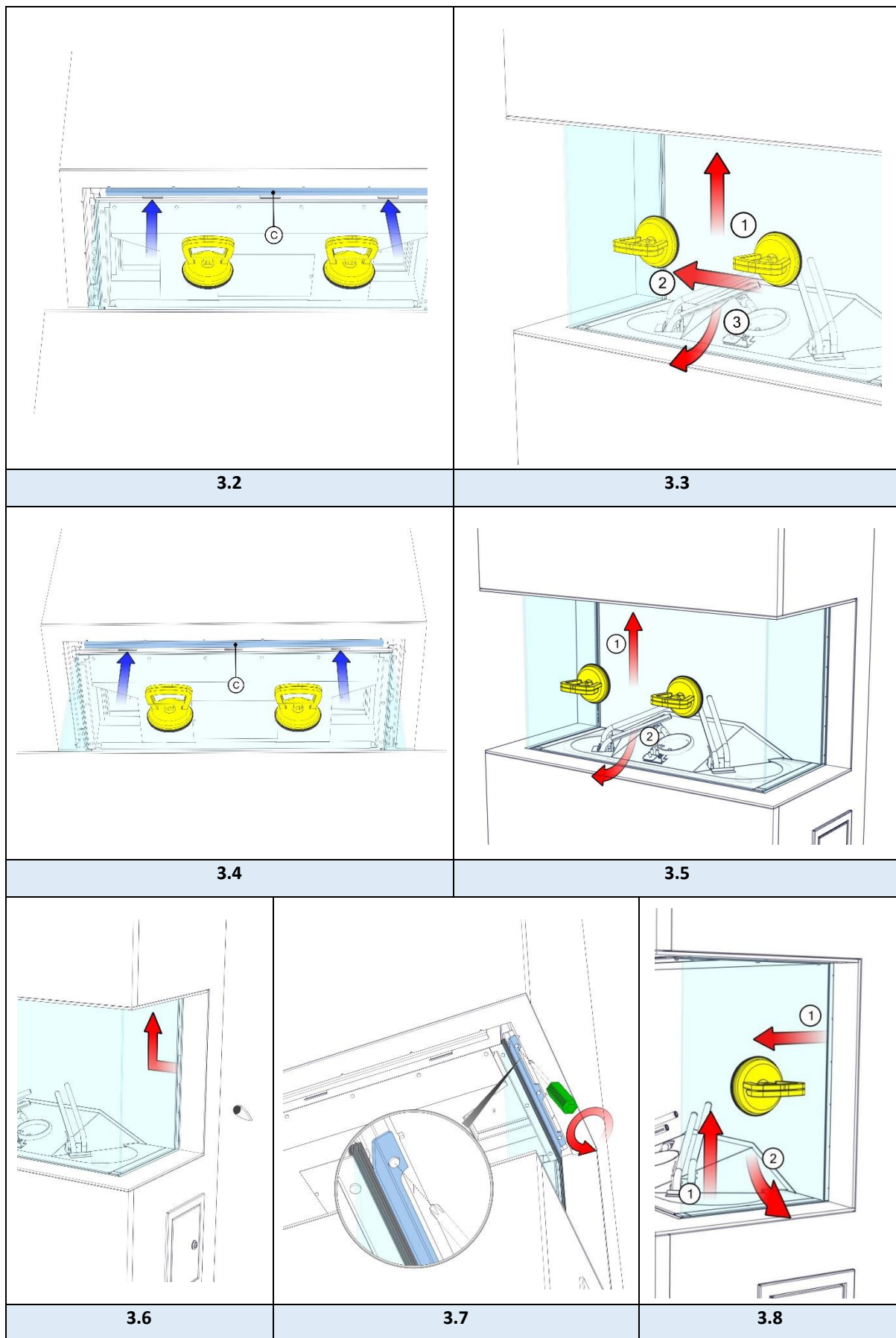
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2.0

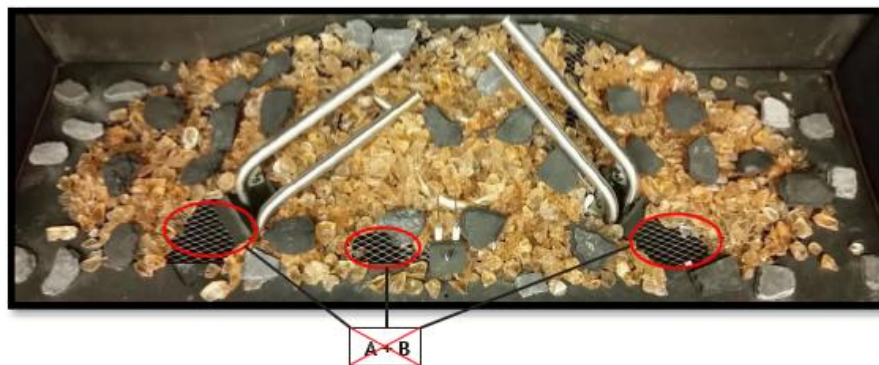


	
2.6	2.7
	
2.8	
	
3.0	3.1





4.0



4.1



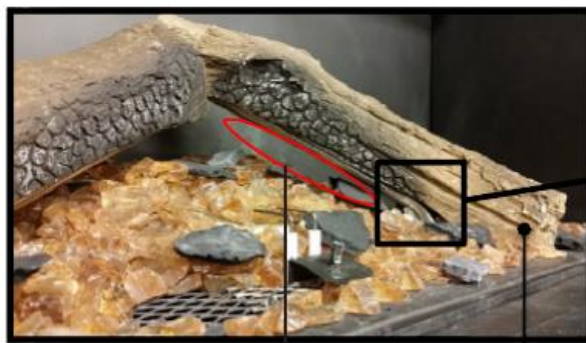
4.2a



5

~~A-B~~

4.2b



~~A-B~~

9



4.2c

4.2d



7



7

4.3



1

3

4.4



6

8

8

4.5



4

2

10

4.6

1 Dear User

Congratulations on your purchase of a Faber fire! A quality product from which you will experience warmth and atmosphere for many years. We recommend that you read this manual carefully before using the fireplace. If any problem arises despite our strict quality control, you can always contact your dealer or Glen Dimplex Benelux B.V.

For any warranty claims, it is essential you first register your fireplace. During this registration, you'll find all information regarding our warranty.

➤ **Please note!**

The details of your appliance can be found in the user manual.

You can register your fireplace at:

www.faber-fires.eu

Glen Dimplex Benelux B.V.

Address: Saturnus 8

NL-8448 CC

Heerenveen

Tel: +31 (0)513 656 500

Email: info@faber-fires.eu

Info: www.faber-fires.eu

1.1 Introduction

Installation and maintenance of the appliance must be carried out by a professional with proven knowledge and competence. A professional takes into account all technical aspects such as heat radiation and gas connection as well as flue gas exhaust requirements.

Where the installation instructions are not clear, national/local regulations must be followed.

1.2 Check

Check the fireplace for transport damage and immediately report any damage to your supplier.

1.3 CE Declaration

We hereby declare that Glen Dimplex Benelux B.V. released Faber gas-atmosphere heating appliance by its design and construction method complies with the Regulation (EU): 2016/426 and (EU) 2015/1188.

Product: gas room heater

Model: MatriX 800/500 I,II,III

MatriX 800/650 I,II,III

This declaration will become null and void as soon as the unit is in any way modified without written authorization of Glen Dimplex Benelux B.V.

2 Safety instructions

➤ **Please note!**

It is advisable to always install a screen for the fireplace if children, elderly or disabled people are present in the same room as the fireplace. **If regularly vulnerable persons can be present in the room without supervision, sufficient protection must always be placed around the fireplace.**

- This appliance must be installed according with the rules in force and used only in a sufficiently space.
- The appliance must be checked annually in accordance with this installation manual and the applicable national and local regulations.
- Ensure that the data on the type label matches the local gas type and pressure.
- The appliance is designed for atmosphere and heating purposes. This means that all visible surfaces, including the glass, can become hotter than 100°C.
- Do not use the remote control and / or app outside the room where the fire is located. So that you are always aware of the situation around the fireplace when it is being operated.
- The settings and the construction of the fireplace must not be changed!
- Do not place extra imitation wood or other material on the burner or in the combustion chamber.
- Do not place any combustible materials within 0,5m of the radiation area of the fire.
- Through the natural air circulation of the fireplace moisture and uncured volatile components from paint, building materials and carpeted floors, etc. are attracted. These parts can settle as soot on cold surfaces. Therefore do not light the fireplace shortly after installation.

2.1 Using the fire for the first time

Provide extra ventilation and open all the windows of the room during the initial start-up of the

fireplace. Heat the stove for a few hours at the highest setting so that the paint gets the chance to harden and any released vapors are safely removed. Keep vulnerable people and pets out of this room during this process.

3 Installation requirements

3.1 Appliance

- This appliance may not be installed in a chlorine-containing environment. (Pools etc.)
- This appliance must be built into an existing or new false chimney.
- For transport reasons, for appliances with flexible gas pipes, the control unit (Fig. 1.6) is mounted at the bottom of the crate. Detach and mount it together with the Control box and Remote access door in as low as possible position in the false chimney. (see supplied instruction manual, 40011721).
(To prevent damage to cables and pipes during transport, they are bound together by tie wraps. Remove these to ensure proper operation of the appliance.)

3.2 False chimney

- The false chimney should be of non-combustible material.
- The space above the fire should always be ventilated using grids with minimal free passage of 200cm² per grid.
- Use for finishing special decorative plaster (min. 100°C resistant) or fiberglass wallpaper to prevent discoloration and cracks etc., minimum drying time 24 hours per mm applied finish.
- The false chimney construction should not rest on the built-in frame of the fireplace.

3.3 Discharge and outlet requirements

First, carry out a flue calculation and place the right flue restrictor before installing the outlet! (Generally a 30mm flue restrictor is installed).

- For supply and discharge always use the prescribed and to be supplied Faber flue materials. Please contact Glen Dimplex Benelux B.V. (see chapter 1). Only with use of these materials Faber can guarantee proper performance.
- The distance to combustible materials must be min. 50mm, calculated from

outside of the flue material (EN 1856-1 T600 N1 D Vm – L20040 O(50)).

Outlets (fig. 1.8)

The balanced flue pipe for combined air supply and discharge can use a wall terminal or a roof terminal. Verify that the desired outlet meets the local regulations regarding pollution and ventilation openings.

➤ Please note!

For proper functioning, the outlet must at least be 0,5m away from:

- Corners of the building;
- Roof overhangs and balconies;
- Roof edges (with the exception of the ridge edge, see Chapter 15).

C11, outlet via facade

Through a wall or façade, use a Faber wall outlet. Depending on the flue calculation this can be 100/150mm or 130/200mm.

C31, outlet via roof

For a (flat) roof, use a Faber roof outlet with a diameter of 100/150mm.

C91, existing chimney

For an existing chimney, use a Faber chimney outlet with a diameter of 100/150mm.

In this case the existing chimney acts as air inlet an inserted flexible stainless steel pipe discharges the flue gas. The top (Faber chimney cover plate) and the bottom (Faber chimney connection set) should be airtight.

Depending on the calculated flue diameter, you must use a flexible stainless steel pipe of Ø100 mm or Ø130 mm with CE marking up to 600°C.

➤ Please note!

- The minimum chimney diameter for a 130mm flexible stainless steel pipe must be 200x200mm and for a 100mm flexible stainless steel pipe and 150x150mm.
- Don't connect more than one fire at the existing chimney.
- The chimney must be in good condition:
 - No leakage;
 - Well cleaned.

For more information about the connections to existing chimney ducts, please request the installation instructions "Chimney Connection Set".

4 Preparation and installation instructions

4.1 Gas connection

The gas connection must comply with the applicable local standards.

➤ **Please note!**

Provide a flexible gas connection with at least 0,5m extra length, so that the control unit can be removed for installation and service!

We advise using a Ø15mm gas connection directly from the gas meter to the appliance, with a shut-off valve in the proximity of the appliance, which must always be freely accessible. Position the gas connection so that it is easily accessible for service and the burner unit can be disassembled at any time.

4.2 Electrical connection

Install a 230VAC/50Hz wall socket near the fireplace for connecting the Control box FAB1806.

See fig. 2.8 for the wiring diagram:

- A = I.T.C. (Intelligent Technical Controller)
- B = electronics
- C = gas valve
- D = solenoid valve
- E = LED Symbio module (optional)
- F = ignition pin
- G = ionization pin
- H = power cable
- I = configuration plug

4.3 Smart Home installation

The controller can be connected to an external source, such as a Domotica system, by using an Faber Interface Unit (article number A9323000).

4.4 Preparing the fireplace

- Remove the fireplace from its packaging. Ensure that the gas supply pipes under the appliance are not damaged.
- Remove the glass and any mouldings, store them at a safe place and remove the packaged parts from the fireplace.
- Prepare the gas connection on the regulator.

4.5 Positioning the fireplace

Observe the installation requirements (see Chapter 3). Take the installation requirements into account. Rough height adjustment:

- With the adjustable (optional) legs.

Accurate height adjustment:

- With the adjustable feet.

4.6 Mounting flue gas exhaust materials

Assemble the flue gas exhaust materials according to the installation manual supplied with the flue gas exhaust material!

- The distance to combustible materials must be min. 50mm, calculated from outside of the flue material.
- Never start immediately with length-adjustable concentric flue material on the appliance.
- Horizontal sections should be installed to allow a slope towards the fireplace (3 degrees).
- Build the system from the fireplace. If this is not possible you can make use of an extendable adapter section.
- For fitting of the flue system, the 0,5m length-adjustable pipe must be used. Make sure that the inner pipe is always 2cm longer than the outer pipe. Wall- and roof terminal can also be cut. These components must be secured with a self-tapping screw.

4.7 Constructing the false chimney

Before positioning the false chimney, we advise to perform a functional test with the fireplace as defined in Chapter 7 "Checking the installation".

False chimney

- Construct the false chimney of non-combustible sheet material in combination with metal profiles or of masonry/concrete blocks.

- Always use a lintel or reinforcing bars while bricking the false chimney. They should not be placed directly on the fireplace.
- Make sure that the fireplace never functions as a load-bearing construction, in connection with the expansion of the fire.

Ventilation

Correct ventilation prevents damaging overheating of the gas regulator block and its electronics and also limits the temperature of the convection air. Use the supplied Faber ventilation grids or a similar alternative with a minimum free passage of 200cm² per grid, in the space above the fire, when building the false chimney. Within the false chimney, a horizontal screen plate, made of non-combustible material, must be installed just above the ventilation openings. (see A in fig. 1.1, 1.3 or 1.5)

Installation and finishing

➤ Please note!

1. Take into account a minimum distance of 2 mm due to expansion of the fireplace.
2. Take into account the thickness of any finishing layer!

Method I: installation WITH cover strip (fig. 2.1)

The following points are of interest (fig. 2.2):

I = Built-in frame
J = Distance profiles

- Build the false chimney against the built-in frame I and distance profiles J.
- Do not build the false chimney (underneath the appliance) higher than the top of the distance profile J (fig. 2.3a and b.)

Method II: installation WITHOUT cover strip (fig. 2.4)

➤ Please note!

At the MatriX 800/500 I and 800/650 I versions, the cover strip is fixed by screws, remove those first! (fig. 2.5).

The following points are of interest (fig. 2.6):

K = Built-in frame
L = Distance profiles
M = Glass supports

N = Top edge of the combustion chamber

- Remove all distance profiles L.

➤ Please note!

Make sure that the screws of the front distance profile "L" will be replaced, in order to ensure the air tightness of the appliance.

- For the height of the plateau, see point N (fig. 2.6 and 2.7).
- Take into account a minimum distance of 2 mm between plateau and glass support "M" due to expansion of the fireplace. (fig. 2.7).

5 Removing glass

5.1 Front glass

MatriX I:

- Remove cover strip "A" on both sides (fig. 3.0).
- Rotate clamp "B" clockwise on both sides (fig. 3.0).
- Place the suction cups on the glass, slide frame "C" upwards and remove the front glass (fig. 3.1).

For replacing the glass repeat the steps in reverse order.

➤ Please note!

Avoid fingerprints on the glass; these are no longer removable once the fire is used.

MatriX II:

- Remove cover strip "A" (fig. 3.0).
- Rotate clamp "B" clockwise (fig. 3.0).
- Place the suction cups on the glass and slide frame "C" upwards (fig. 3.2).
- Remove the front glass (fig. 3.3).

For replacing the glass repeat the steps in reverse order.

➤ **Please note!**

Avoid fingerprints on the glass; these are no longer removable once the fire is used.

MatriX III:

- Place the suction cups on the glass and slide frame "C" upwards (fig. 3.4).
- Remove the front glass (fig. 3.5)

For replacing the glass repeat the steps in reverse order.

➤ **Please note!**

Avoid fingerprints on the glass; these are no longer removable once the fire is used.

5.2 Side glass

For cleaning only it's not necessary to remove the side glass.

MatriX II en III:

- Remove the front glass (Chapter 5.1)
- Remove the glass strip at the top (fig. 3.6 and 3.7).
- Place a suction cup and remove the side glass (fig. 3.8).

For replacing the glass repeat the steps in reverse order.

➤ **Please note!**

Avoid fingerprints on the glass; these are no longer removable once the fire is used.

6 Placing decoration material

It is not permitted to use other or to add more material in the combustion chamber.

See fig. 4.0 to 4.6 or the log set instruction card:

- Divide the glass granulate and the chips over the bottom plate. Pay attention to the areas where no decorative material may be placed (fig. 4.1).
- Place the 2 large logs (fig. 4.2a):
 - Keep space under the logs (fig. 4.2b and c).
 - Keep the ionization pen free of decorative material and make sure it does not contact the overlying log and the burner itself (fig. 4.2d).

- Place the log nearby the ignition pin. Pay attention to the pin-hole connection (fig. 4.3).
- Place the remaining logs (fig 4.4 till 4.6).

➤ **Please note!**

Check again that both burners, ignition and ionization pin are free of glass granules and chips!

- Start the fireplace as described in the user manual.
- Assess whether the flame distribution and, if any, the Symbio effect (glow bed), is good. Move or remove any chips/glass granulate to create a nice glow bed.
- Install the front glass and check the fire image.

7 Checking the installation

Checking for gas leaks

Check with a gas leak finder all connections and pipes for gas leakage.

Check primary pressure

Check if the primary pressure correspond to the data on the rating plate.

Measuring the primary pressure:

- Close the shutoff valve. Turn the measuring nipple **D** (fig. 1.6) a few turns to open and connect a measuring hose to the gas regulator.
- Take this measurement when the fireplace runs at high and low settings.
- Do not connect the unit if the pressure is too high ($\pm 20\%$).

➤ **Please note!**

Close the pressure measuring nipple and check for gas leakage.

Check ignition and burner

Ignite the fireplace by using the remote control as described in the user manual and test all burner possibilities.

Now repeat the above check by using the APP. (App set to Dealer level).

Check:

- the Actual measured values
- the Diagnosis messages

7.1 Checking the flame image

Let the fireplace burn for at least 20 minutes at highest setting and check the flame for:

- Flame distribution;
- Color of the flames.

If one or both points are not acceptable then check:

- The wood set arrangement and/or the quantity of chips/glass granules on the burner;
- The pipe connections for leaks.
(in case of blue flames);
- That the correct flue restrictor is fitted (see fig. 1.9F);
- The outlet:
 - Wall terminal has the correct position and side up;
 - Roof terminal has the correct position.
- If the maximum lengths of the flue gas outlet is not exceeded.
- If possible, carry out a flue gas analysis (see chapter 7.2).

7.2 Flue gas analysis

It is possible to check the combustion gases and supply air with a CO/CO₂ flue gas analyzer. There are two measuring pipes between the built-in frame and the front glass (fig. 2.0).

X = measuring pipe air supply
Y = measuring pipe flue gas

The ratio CO₂ and CO must not be greater than 1:100.

Example:

CO₂ is 4% and CO is 400ppm, measured at the highest point.

If the ratio is greater than 1:100 or flue gases are measured in the supply air, check the points in Chapter 7.1.

8 Instructions for client

- Recommend that the fire should be checked annually by a qualified specialist to ensure the safe use and to guarantee a long service life.
- Provide instructions on the operation of:
 - the appliance;
 - the remote control;

- the App and its settings.
- Give advice and instructions on care and cleaning of the glass.



Emphasize the danger of fingerprint burns at the glass.

- Handover to customer:
 - Installation manuals;
 - User manual;
 - Log set instruction card;
 - Suction cups;
 - Sample Faber glass polish.

9 Annual maintenance

Check

Check and clean if necessary:

- the combustion chamber;
- the glass;
- the wooden logs for breakage.
- the outlet.

Replace chips and/or glass granulate if necessary.

Cleaning

Remove the front glass (see Chapter 5).

You can clean the glass with Faber glass polish.

This is a specially formulated cleaning agent that can be ordered at authorized Faber dealers.

Never use aggressive cleaning agents or abrasive products.

➤ Please note!

Avoid fingerprints on the glass; these are no longer removable once the fire is used.

Now carry out check-up as described in Chapter 7.

For an extensive maintenance instruction "maintenance protocol for gas fires" see:



10 Conversion to other gas type

This can only be done by replacing the burner. To do so, please contact your dealer. Always provide the type and serial number of the appliance when ordering.

11 Flue calculation

A simple way to calculate whether the exhaust configuration is possible in combination with your fireplace, use the "Faber Flue App V2":



This is available free of charge and can be downloaded via:

Internet:

Android and PC (Windows Store, (Windows 10)).

App Store:

iPhone, iPad and Mac.

Google Play:

Android smart phones and Android tablets.

Alternatively, you can use the calculation sheet (see Chapter 13).

The options for flue lengths and any flue restrictors are defined in a restrictor table, see 11.1 till 11.5. Start Length (STL), Total Vertical Height (TVH) and Total Horizontal Length (THL) are used in the table.

- **Start length (STL):**
The first part that is placed on the fireplace and represents a certain value (fig. 12.1, 12.2 and 12.3 A, N and F). You can find this value in the upper row of the restrictor table.
- **Total Vertical Height (TVH):**
TVH is the height difference measured from the top of the appliance to the outlet. This can be measured or determined in the building plan. For clarification, see also the TVH indication in the drawings (fig. 12.1, 12.2 and 12.3).

- **Total Horizontal Length (THL):**
THL is the Total Horizontal Length and consists of elbows and pipes entirely in the horizontal plane. See elbows I, K and Q and the elements H, J, L, M, P and R (Fig. 12.1 and 12.2).
- **Horizontal length:**
The Horizontal Length consists of the elements H, J, L, M, P and R (fig. 12.1 and 12.2).
- **Elbows 90° in the horizontal plane:**
Horizontal elbows are elbows entirely in the horizontal plane (Fig. 12.1, 12.2 and 12.3 I, K and Q).
- **Elbows 45° or 30° in the horizontal plane:**
Horizontal elbows are elbows entirely in the horizontal plane.
- **Elbows 90° vertical to horizontal:**
These are 90° elbows, which proceed from horizontal to vertical (Fig. 12.2 and 12.3 G, O and S).
- **Elbows 45° or 30° vertical to horizontal plane:**
These are 30° or 45° elbows vertically offset less than 45° (Fig. 12.1 B and D).
- **Pipes at an angle of inclination:**
These are pipes vertically ascending at an angle of 30° or 45° (Fig. 12.1 C). Fill in only in combination with at least two 30° or 45° elbows in the vertical part.
- **Restrictor table:**
See restrictor table for the correct vertical (TVH) and horizontal length (THL).

In case of an "X" or if the values are outside the restrictor table, the combination is not permitted. Then adjust TVH or THL.

If a value is indicated, check that the calculated STL value is not lower than indicated in the restrictor table. In this case STL must be adjusted.

The value found indicates the width of the flue restrictor to be placed ("0" means no flue restrictor). Generally a 30mm flue restrictor is installed (fig. 1.9 F), first remove hatch "G".

11.1 Restrictor table (100/150) NG Matrix 800/500 I,II,III and 800/650 I,II,III

Start length (STL) Vertical (TVH) and Horizontal (THL)

STL		0,2	1	1	1,5							
THL		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
TVH	0	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	0,5	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	1	0,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	1,5	40,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	2	45,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	3	45,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	4	45,5	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	5	50,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	6	50,2	0,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	7	50,2	0,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	8	50,2	0,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	9	60,2	0,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	10	60,2	0,2	0,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	11	60,2	30,2	0,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	12	60,2	30,2	0,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	13	70,2	30,2	0,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	14	70,2	30,2	30,2	0,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	15	70,2	30,2	30,2	0,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	16	70,2	30,2	30,2	0,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	17	80,2	30,2	30,2	0,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	18	80,2	40,2	30,2	30,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	19	80,2	40,2	30,2	30,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	20	80,2	40,2	40,2	30,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	21	80,2	50,2	40,2	30,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	22	80,2	50,2	40,2	30,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	23	80,2	50,2	40,2	30,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	24	80,2	50,2	40,2	30,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	25	80,2	50,2	40,2	30,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	26	80,2	50,2	40,2	30,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	27	80,2	50,2	40,2	30,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	28	80,2	50,2	40,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	29	80,2	50,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	30	80,2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

11.2 Restrictor table (130/200) NG Matrix 800/500 I,II,III

Start length (STL) Vertical (TVH) and Horizontal (THL)

STL		0,2	0,5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
THL		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
TVH	0	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		
	0,5	x	0,4	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		
	1	0,4	0,3	30,4	30,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	x	x		
	1,5	30,4	30,3	30,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	x	x		
	2	30,4	30,3	30,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	x	x		
	3	30,4	30,3	30,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	x	x		
	4	40,4	40,3	40,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	x	x		
	5	40,4	40,3	40,4	40,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	x	x		
	6	45,4	45,3	45,4	40,4	40,4	30,4	30,4	x	x		
	7	45,4	45,3	45,4	45,4	40,4	40,4	30,4	x	x		
	8	50,4	50,3	50,4	45,4	45,4	40,4	40,4	x	x		
	9	50,4	50,3	50,4	50,4	45,4	45,4	40,4	x	x		
	10	50,4	50,3	50,4	50,4	50,4	45,4	45,4	x	x		
	11	60,4	60,3	60,4	50,4	50,4	50,4	45,4	x	x		
	12	60,4	60,3	60,4	60,4	50,4	50,4	50,4	x	x		
	13	60,4	60,3	60,4	60,4	60,4	50,4	50,4	x	x		
	14	70,4	70,3	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	50,4	x	x		
	15	70,4	70,3	70,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	x	x		
	16	70,4	70,3	70,4	70,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	x	x		
	17	80,4	70,3	70,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	60,4	x	x		
	18	80,4	80,3	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	x	x		
	19	85,4	80,3	80,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	x	x		
	20	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	x	x		
	21	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	60,4	x	x		
	22	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	60,4	x	x		
	23	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	60,4	x	x		
	24	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	60,4	x	x		
	25	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	x	x	x		
	26	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	80,4	x	x	x	x		
	27	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	x	x	x	x	x		
	28	85,4	85,3	80,4	x	x	x	x	x	x		
	29	85,4	85,3	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		
	30	85,4	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		

11.3 Restrictor table (130/200) NG MatriX 800/650 I,II,III

Start length (STL) Vertical (TVH) and Horizontal (THL)

STL		0,2	0,5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
THL		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
TVH	0	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		
	0,5	x	0,4	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		
	1	0,4	0,3	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	x	x		
	1,5	30,4	30,3	30,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	x	x		
	2	30,4	30,3	30,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	x	x		
	3	30,4	30,3	30,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	x	x		
	4	40,4	40,3	40,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	x	x		
	5	40,4	40,3	40,4	40,4	30,4	30,4	30,4	x	x		
	6	45,4	45,3	45,4	40,4	40,4	30,4	30,4	x	x		
	7	45,4	45,3	45,4	45,4	40,4	40,4	30,4	x	x		
	8	50,4	50,3	50,4	45,4	45,4	40,4	40,4	x	x		
	9	50,4	50,3	50,4	50,4	45,4	45,4	40,4	x	x		
	10	50,4	50,3	50,4	50,4	50,4	45,4	45,4	x	x		
	11	60,4	60,3	60,4	50,4	50,4	50,4	45,4	x	x		
	12	60,4	60,3	60,4	60,4	50,4	50,4	50,4	x	x		
	13	60,4	60,3	60,4	60,4	60,4	50,4	50,4	x	x		
	14	70,4	70,3	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	50,4	x	x		
	15	70,4	70,3	70,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	x	x		
	16	70,4	70,3	70,4	70,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	x	x		
	17	80,4	70,3	70,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	60,4	x	x		
	18	80,4	80,3	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	x	x		
	19	85,4	80,3	80,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	x	x		
	20	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	x	x		
	21	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	60,4	x	x		
	22	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	60,4	x	x		
	23	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	60,4	x	x		
	24	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	60,4	x	x		
	25	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	x	x	x		
	26	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	80,4	x	x	x	x		
	27	85,4	85,3	80,4	80,4	x	x	x	x	x		
	28	85,4	85,3	80,4	x	x	x	x	x	x		
	29	85,4	85,3	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		
	30	85,4	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		

11.4 Restrictor table (130/200) LPG MatriX 800/500 I,II,III

Start length (STL) Vertical (TVH) and Horizontal (THL)

STL		0,2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
THL		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
TVH	0	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	0,5	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	1	0,4	40,4	30,4	30,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	x	x	x	x
	1,5	40,4	40,4	40,4	30,4	30,4	0,4	0,4	x	x	x	x
	2	50,4	50,4	40,4	40,4	30,4	30,4	0,4	x	x	x	x
	3	50,4	50,4	50,4	40,4	40,4	30,4	30,4	x	x	x	x
	4	60,4	50,4	50,4	50,4	40,4	40,4	30,4	x	x	x	x
	5	60,4	60,4	50,4	50,4	50,4	40,4	40,4	x	x	x	x
	6	60,4	60,4	60,4	50,4	50,4	50,4	40,4	x	x	x	x
	7	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	50,4	50,4	50,4	x	x	x	x
	8	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	50,4	50,4	x	x	x	x
	9	70,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	50,4	x	x	x	x
	10	70,4	70,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	x	x	x	x
	11	70,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	x	x	x	x
	12	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	x	x	x	x
	13	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	60,4	x	x	x	x
	14	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	x	x	x	x
	15	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x	x
	16	80,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x	x
	17	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x	x
	18	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x	x
	19	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x	x
	20	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x	x
	21	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x	x
	22	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x	x
	23	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x	x
	24	85,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x	x
	25	85,4	85,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	x	x	x	x	x
	26	85,4	85,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	x	x	x	x	x	x
	27	85,4	85,4	80,4	80,4	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	28	85,4	85,4	80,4	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	29	85,4	85,4	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	30	85,4	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

11.5 Restrictor table (130/200) LPG MatriX 800/650 I,II,III

Start length (STL) Vertical (TVH) and Horizontal (THL)

STL	0,2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
THL	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
TVH	0	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	0,5	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	1	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	x	x	x
	1,5	40,4	40,4	40,4	30,4	30,4	0,4	0,4	x	x	x
	2	50,4	40,4	40,4	40,4	30,4	30,4	0,4	x	x	x
	3	50,4	50,4	40,4	40,4	40,4	30,4	30,4	x	x	x
	4	60,4	50,4	50,4	40,4	40,4	40,4	30,4	x	x	x
	5	60,4	60,4	50,4	50,4	40,4	40,4	40,4	x	x	x
	6	60,4	60,4	60,4	50,4	50,4	40,4	40,4	x	x	x
	7	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	50,4	40,4	40,4	x	x	x
	8	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	40,4	40,4	x	x	x
	9	70,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	40,4	x	x	x
	10	70,4	70,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	x	x	x
	11	70,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	x	x	x
	12	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	60,4	60,4	x	x	x
	13	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	60,4	x	x	x
	14	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	60,4	x	x	x
	15	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x
	16	80,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x
	17	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x
	18	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x
	19	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x
	20	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x
	21	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x
	22	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x
	23	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x
	24	85,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	70,4	x	x	x
	25	85,4	85,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	70,4	x	x	x	x
	26	85,4	85,4	80,4	80,4	80,4	x	x	x	x	x
	27	85,4	85,4	80,4	80,4	x	x	x	x	x	x
	28	85,4	85,4	80,4	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	29	85,4	85,4	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	30	85,4	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

fig. 12.1

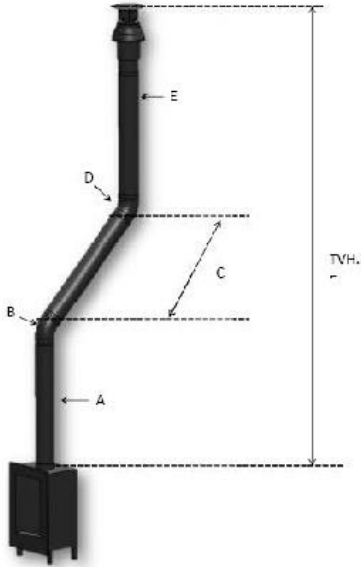


fig.12.2

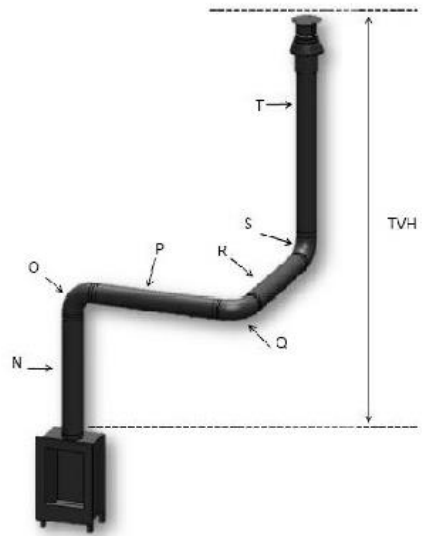
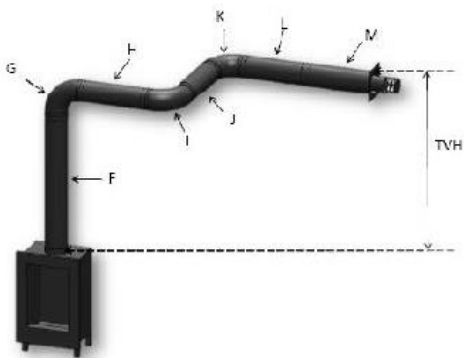


fig. 12.3



13 Calculation sheet

Starter length (STL)				
First part on top of the appliance			Value	Value
Flue length from 0,1m till 0,45m			0,2	
Flue length from 0,5m till 0,90m			0,5	
Flue length from 1m till 1,4m			1	
Flue length from 1,5m till 2m			1,5	
Flue length 2m or more			2	
Bend 90°			0,1	
Bend 45°, 30° or 15°			0,2	
Roof terminal			1	
Wall terminal			0	
				
Total Vertical Height (TVH)				
measured height				rounded value
..... meter				 meter
Total Horizontal Length (THL)				
Calculation				
Part	number	x	value	result
Total Length in meters	.....	x	1	.....
90° Bend, vertical to horizontal	.....	x	0,4	.....
45° Bend, vertical to horizontal	.....	x	0,2	.....
90° Bend in horizontal direction	.....	x	1,5	.....
45° Bend in horizontal direction	.....	x	1	.....
flue pipes at an angle in meters	.....	x	0,7	.....
				rounded value
Total				+ meter

Search in the table at TVH and THL and enter the value that is found.		found value
		
If the detected value is a number, check whether the completed STL is higher or equal to the value in the table.		
Is the STL value lower as specified in the table then the installation is not possible. Solution: Start length to low, see for the minimum length in the top row of the table.		
Is the found value X, then the installation is not possible. Solution: Change the TVH or THL.		
Results		
Restrictor size = Value for the comma		 mm
Extra information = Value behind the comma		mark
Install the air restrictor plate, see installation manual	0,1	☐
Install adapter 100/150 direct on top of the fire	0,2	☐
In case of wall terminal, install adapter 100/150 before the last bend, incase of roof terminal just before the terminal.	0,3	☐
In case of roof terminal (always size 100/150) install the 100/150 adapter just before the terminal. Wall terminal 130/200	0,4	☐
From the fire first an adjuster to 130/200 and 1 meter 130/200, after that reduce to 100/150 and everything 100/150.	0,5	☐

14 Technical data

14.1 MatriX 800/500 I,II,III

Technical data						
Type indication(s)		MatriX 1050x500 I, II, III Matrix 800x500 I, II, III				
Type appliance		C11/C31/C91				
Diameter outlet/inlet		130/200				
Gas connection		3/8"				
Indirect heating functionality		no				
Category		II2H3P				
	Symbol					Unit
Reference gas/inlet pressure			G20-20		G31-37	mbar
Emissions in space heating	NOx		120		125	mg/kWh _{input} (GVC)
Direct heating output						
Nominal heat output	P _{nom}		8,1		8,1	kW
Minimum heat output (indicative)	P _{min}		4,1		4,1	kW
Useful efficiency (NCV)						
At nominal heat output	η _{th, nom}		84,9		84,9	%
At minimum heat output (indicative)	η _{th, min}		77,5		77,5	%
Appliance input data						
Input	Hi		9,5		9,5	kW
Gas rate at full mark			1		0,380	m³/h
					0,710	kg/h
Burner pressure at full mark			10,5		28,2	mbar
Power requirement for permanent pilot light						
Power requirement for permanent pilot light (if applicable)	P _{pilot}		0		0	kW
Additional electricity consumption						
At nominal heat output	el _{max}		0,016		0,016	kW
At minimum heat output	el _{min}		0,012		0,012	kW
In standby mode	el _{sb}		0,004		0,004	kW
Energy-efficiency						
Energy-efficiency class			B		B	
Energy-efficiency index	EEl		83		83	
Type heating output/control room temperature			Other control options			
One step heat output, no control of room temperature	no	Control of room temperature, with presence detection				no
Two or more manually adjustable stages, no control of room temperature	no					
With mechanical control of the room temperature by thermostat	no	Control of room temperature, with open window detection				yes
With electronic control of the room temperature	no					
With electronic control of the room temperature plus day-time switch	no	With optional remote control				yes
With electronic control of the room temperature plus week-time switch	yes					
Glen Dimplex Benelux Saturnus 8 Heerenveen The Netherlands						

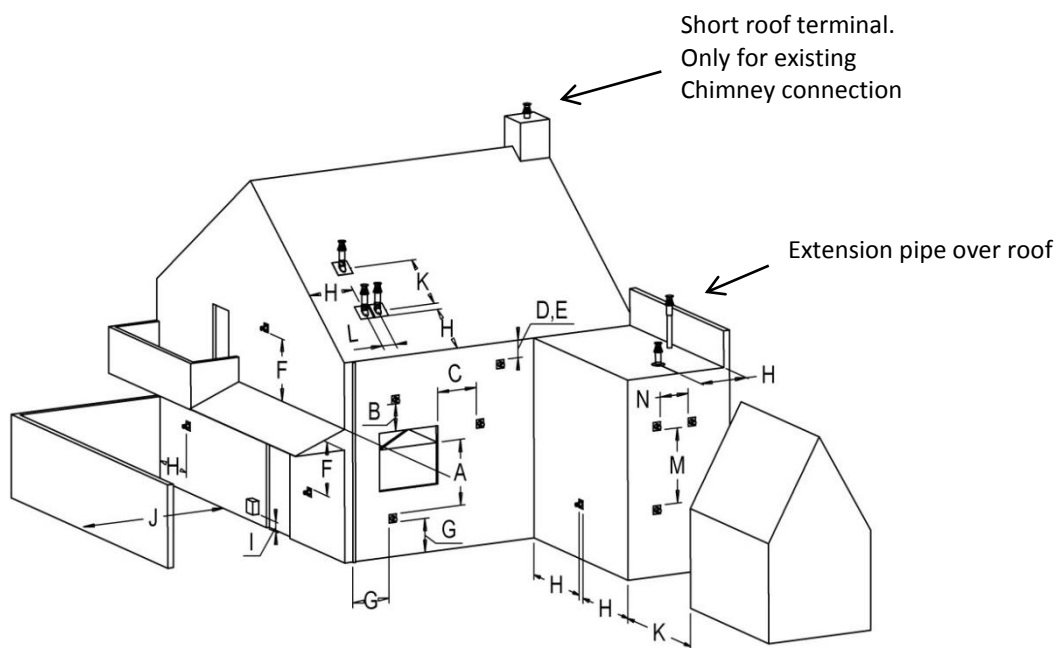
14.2 MatriX 800/650 I,II,III

Technical data						
Type indication(s)		MatriX 1050x650 I, II, III Matrix 800x650 I, II, III				
Type appliance		C11/C31/C91				
Diameter outlet/inlet		130/200				
Gas connection		3/8"				
Indirect heating functionality		no				
Category		II2H3P				
	Symbol					Unit
Reference gas/inlet pressure			G20-20		G31-37	mbar
Emissions in space heating	NOx		88		88	mg/kWh _{input} (GVC)
Direct heating output						
Nominal heat output	P _{nom}		10,0		10,0	kW
Minimum heat output (indicative)	P _{min}		4,3		4,3	kW
Useful efficiency (NCV)						
At nominal heat output	η _{th, nom}		88,4		88,4	%
At minimum heat output (indicative)	η _{th, min}		80,6		80,6	%
Appliance input data						
Input	Hi		11,3		11,3	kW
Gas rate at full mark			1,19		0,450	m³/h
					0,850	kg/h
Burner pressure at full mark			13,8		27,1	mbar
Power requirement for permanent pilot light						
Power requirement for permanent pilot light (if applicable)	P _{pilot}		0		0	kW
Additional electricity consumption						
At nominal heat output	el _{max}		0,016		0,016	kW
At minimum heat output	el _{min}		0,012		0,012	kW
In standby mode	el _{sb}		0,0037		0,0037	kW
Energy-efficiency						
Energy-efficiency class			B		B	
Energy-efficiency index	EEl		87		87	
Type heating output/control room temperature			Other control options			
One step heat output, no control of room temperature	no	Control of room temperature, with presence detection			no	
Two or more manually adjustable stages, no control of room temperature	no					
With mechanical control of the room temperature by thermostat	no	Control of room temperature, with open window detection			yes	
With electronic control of the room temperature	no					
With electronic control of the room temperature plus day-time switch	no	With optional remote control			yes	
With electronic control of the room temperature plus week-time switch	yes					
Glen Dimplex Benelux Saturnus 8 Heerenveen The Netherlands						

15 Outlet position

➤ **Please note!**

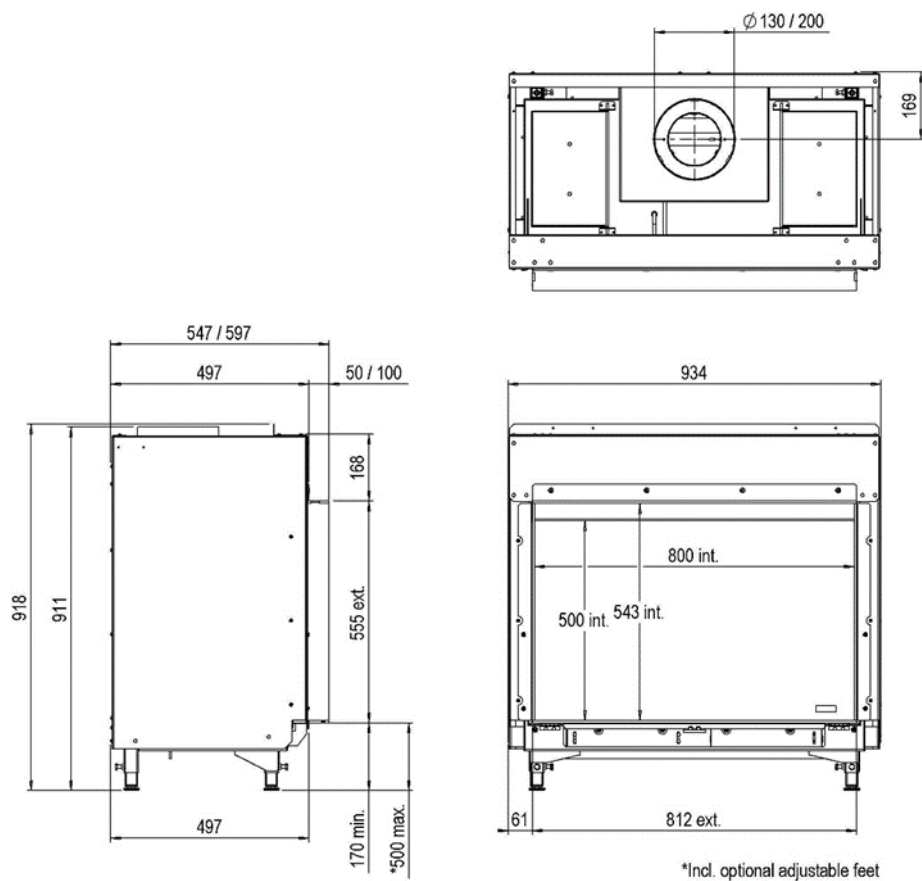
These rules apply only for the proper functioning of the unit, for ventilation and environmental protection you need to comply with the applicable rules as defined in the building regulations.



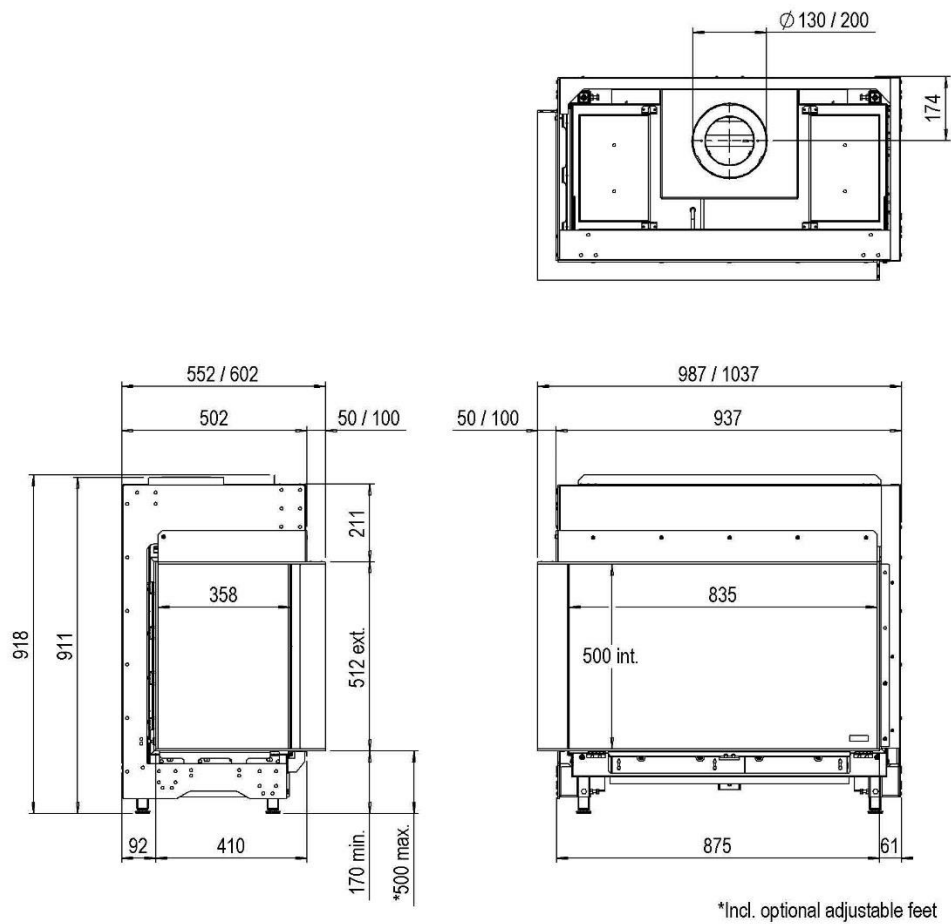
Location	Position outlet	Distance mm
D	Under a gutter	500
E	Under a roof edge	500
F	Under a carport or balcony	500
G	Vertical downpipe	300
H	Inside and outside corners	500
J	From wall surface to a wall outlet	1000
K	Two gable outlets against over each other	1000
L	Distance between two roof outlets	450
M	Two roof outlets above each other on a pitched roof	1000
N	Two gable outlets next to each other	1000

16 Dimensional drawings

16.1 MatriX 800/500 I

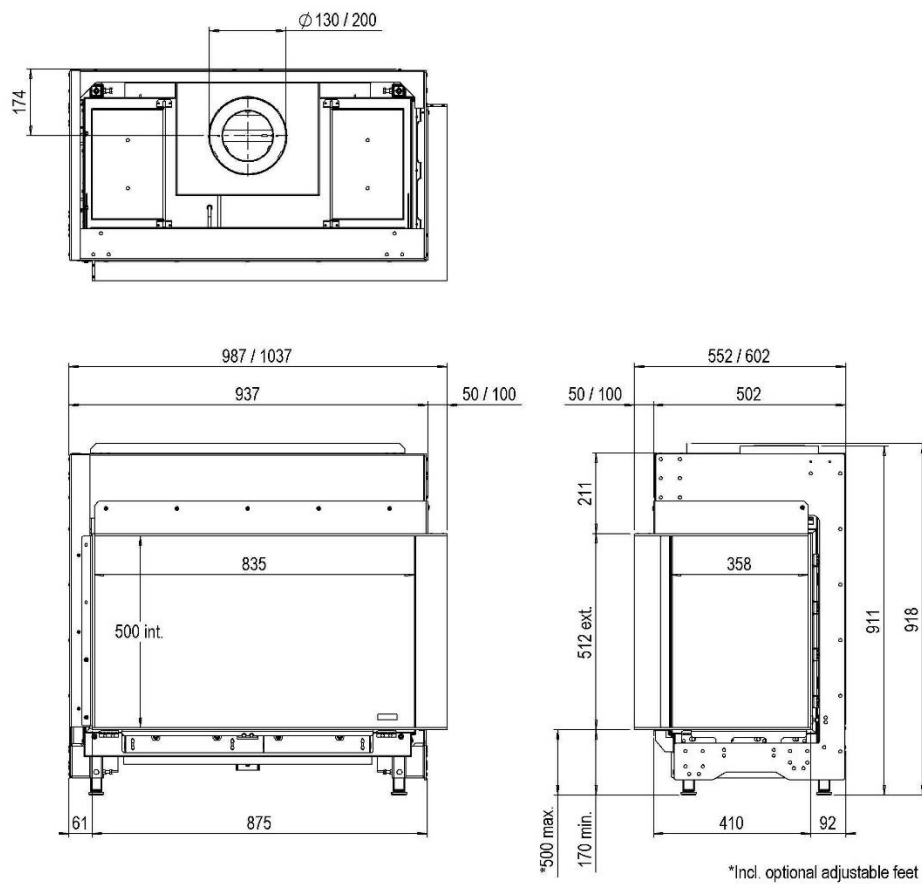


16.2 MatriX 800/500 IIL

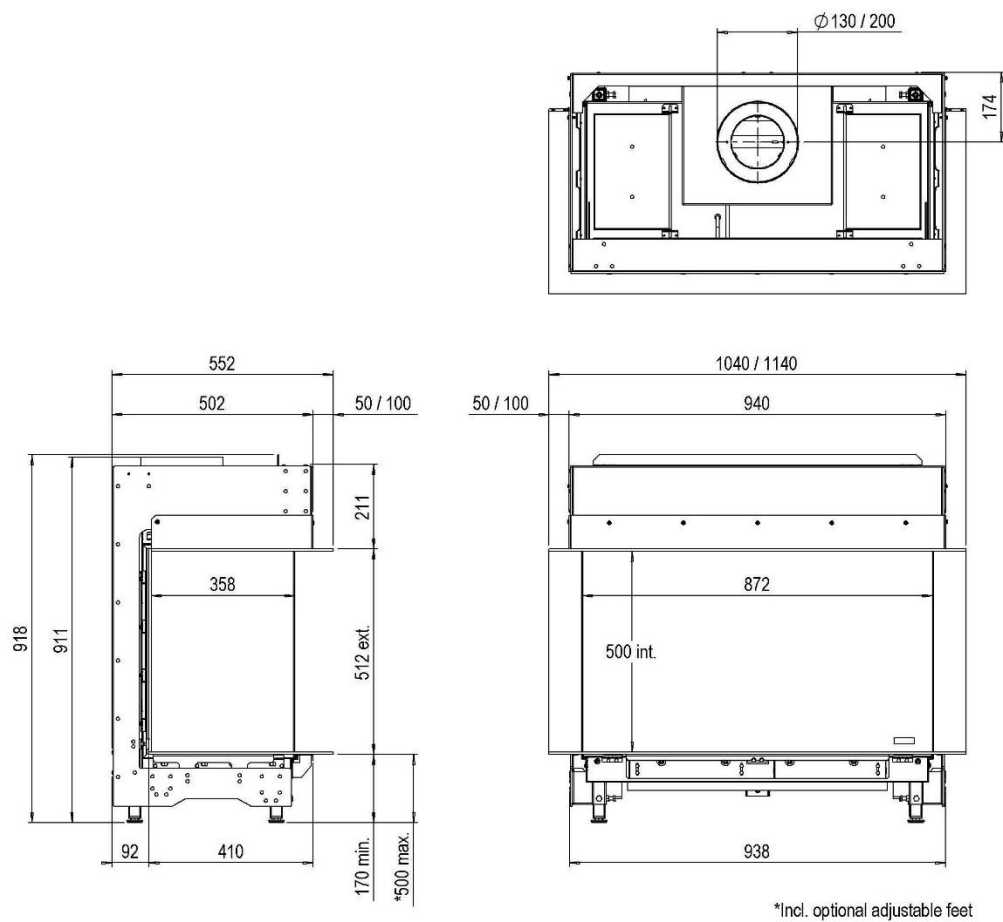


*Incl. optional adjustable feet

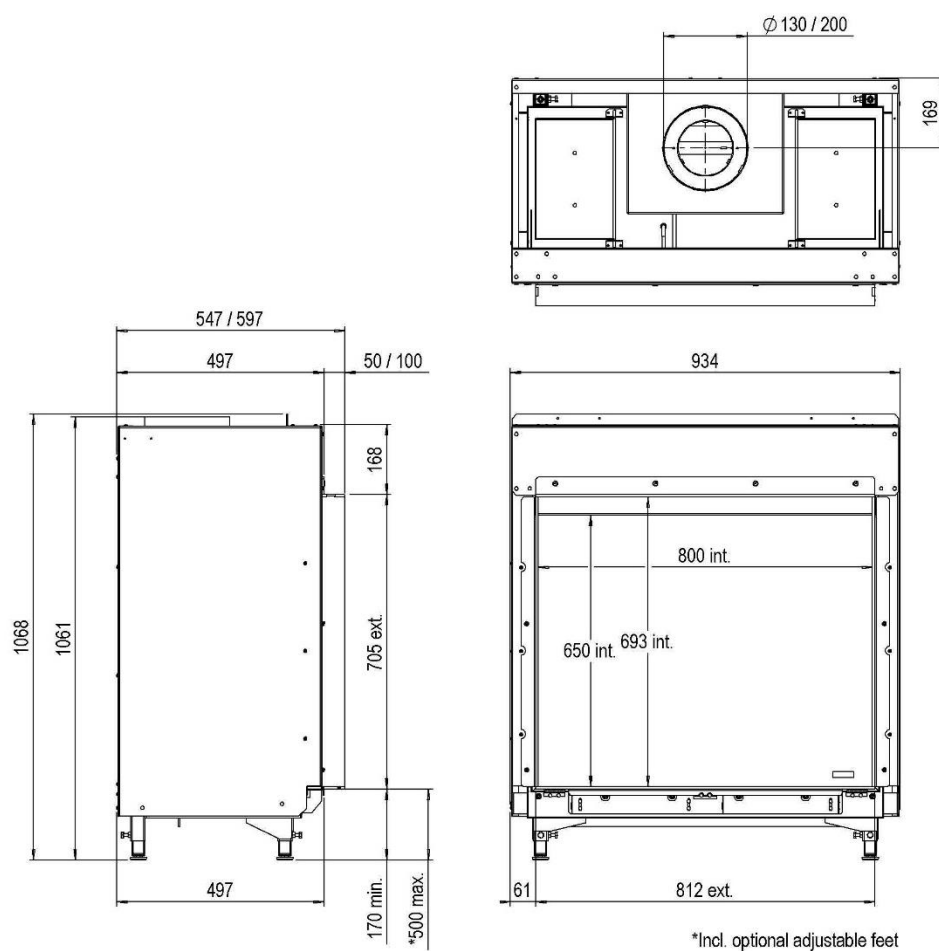
16.3 MatriX 800/500 IIR



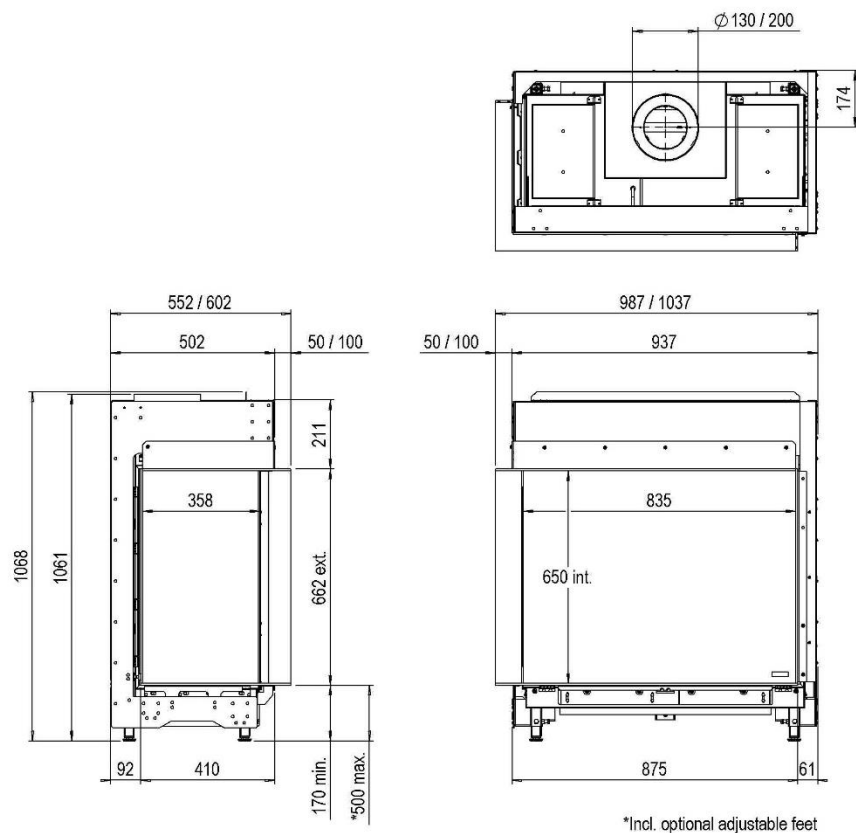
16.4 MatriX 800/500 III



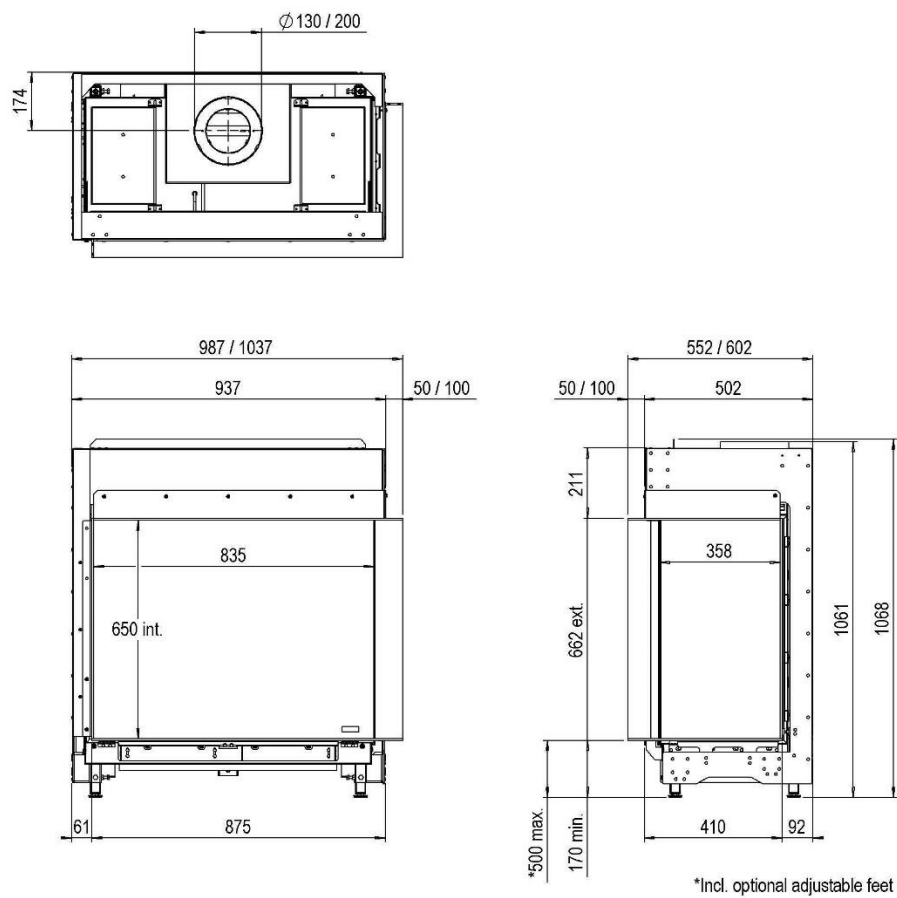
16.5 MatriX 800/650 I



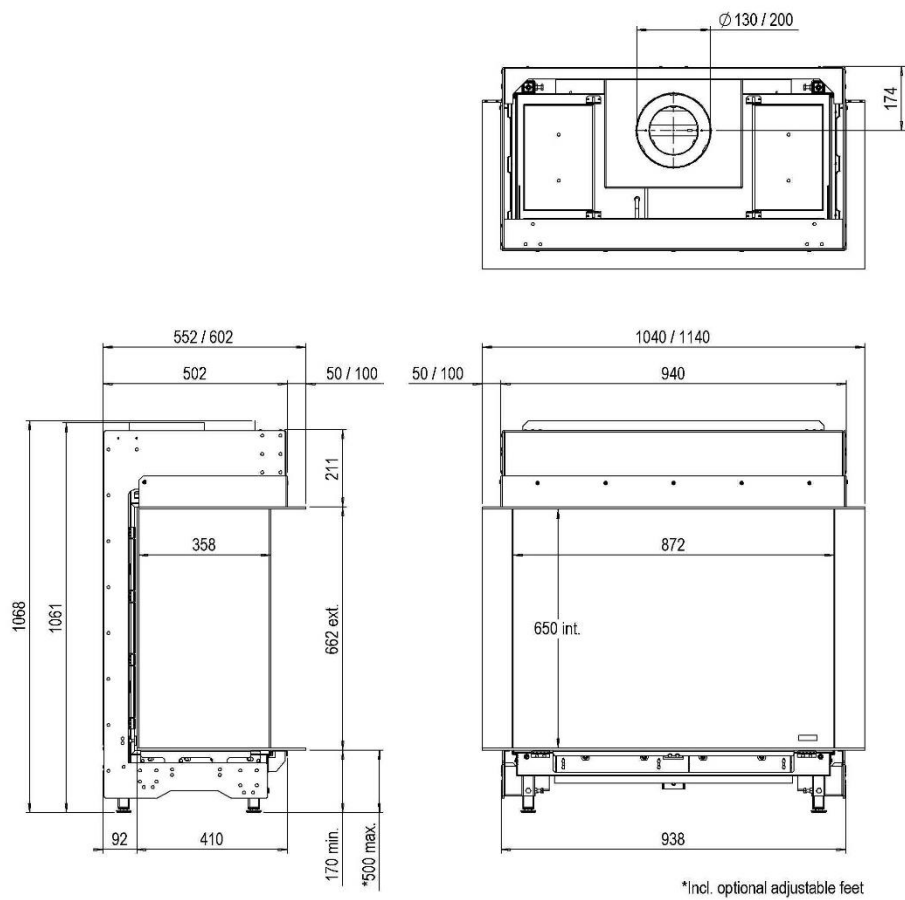
16.6 MatriX 800/650 IIL



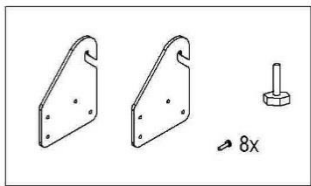
16.7 MatriX 800/650 IIR



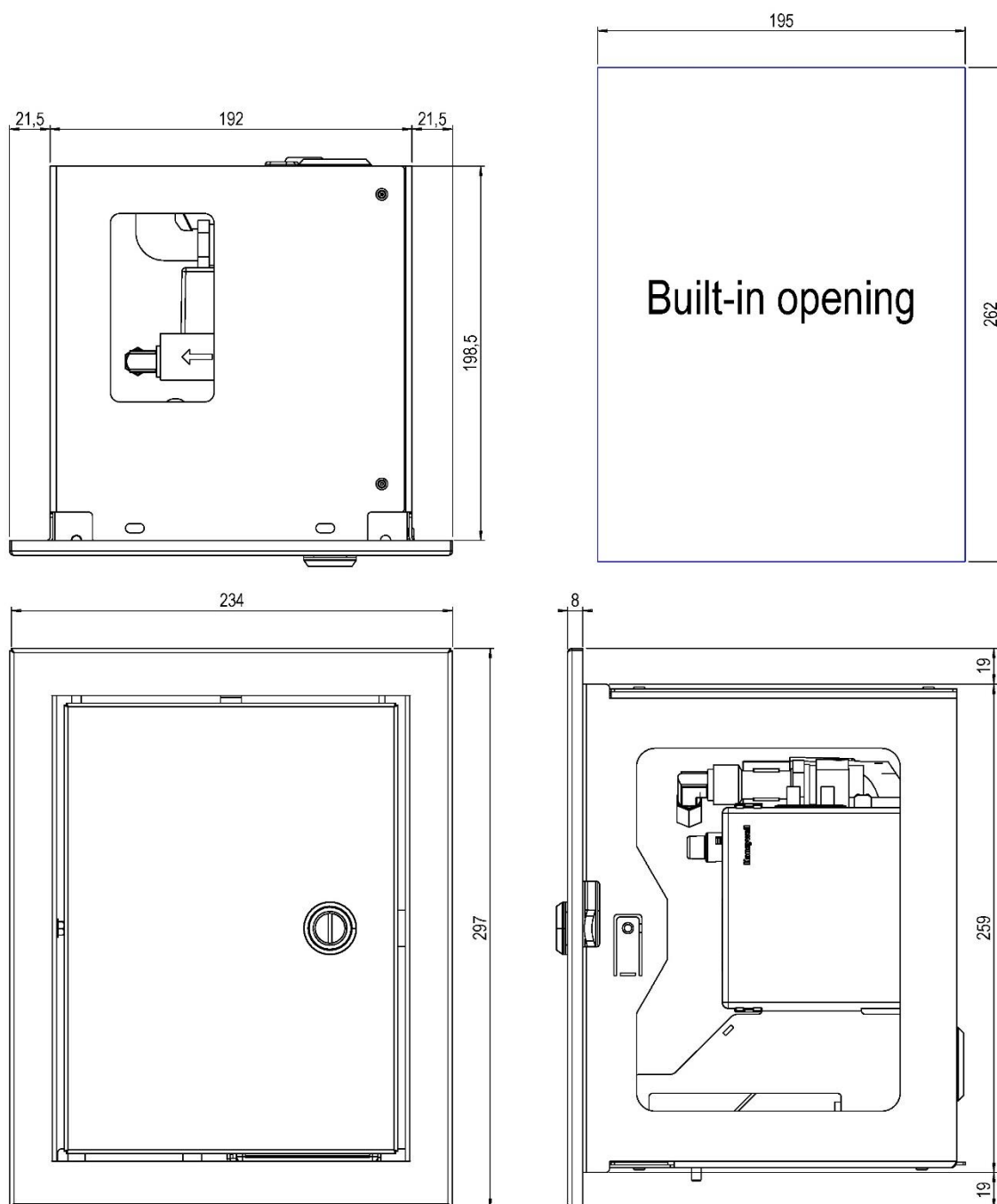
16.8 MatriX 800/650 III



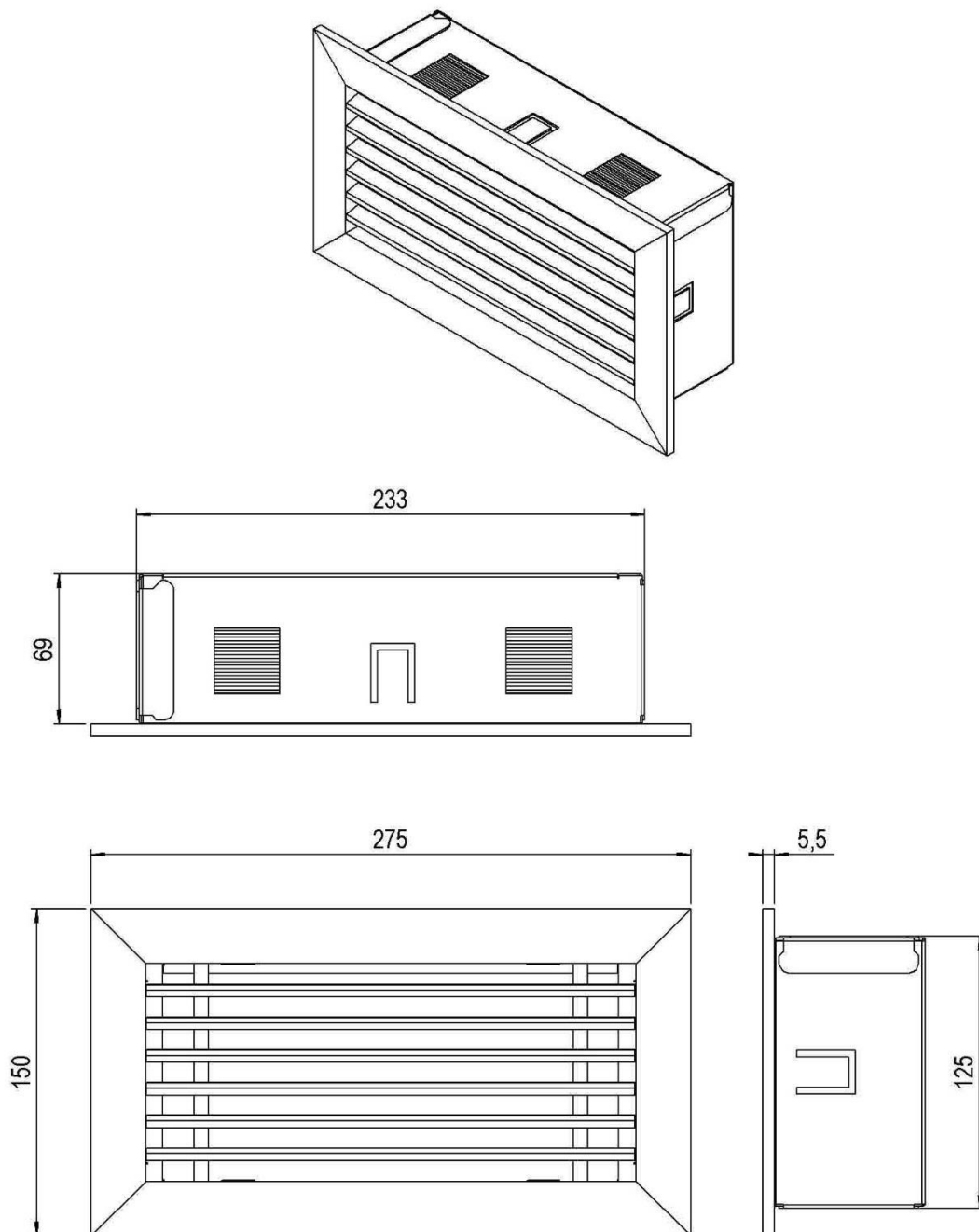
16.9 Wall bracket Matrix 800/500-I-II-III and 800/650-I-II-III



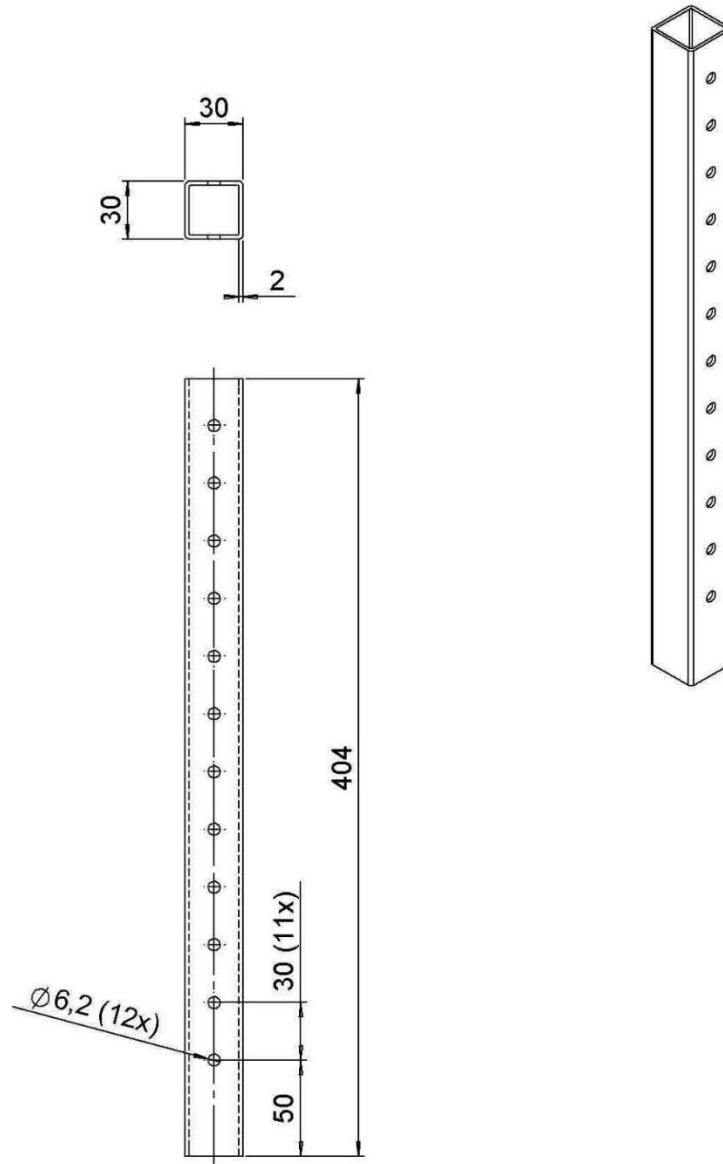
16.10 Control box FAB1806



16.11 Ventilation grid



16.12 Adjustable feet





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